Guidelines for Writing Recommendation Letters for Medical/Dental School

The Process at Richmond

University of Richmond (UR) students and alumni who apply to medical or dental schools are advised to establish a credential file and interview with the Health Professions Advisory Committee (HPAC). The credential file includes supporting letters of recommendation from UR faculty and others that will be used by the HPAC to write a committee letter of evaluation. The committee letter, along with supporting letters, is sent directly by the CDC to the health professional schools.

Preliminary Considerations

- Upon establishing their credential file, applicants are asked to sign a waiver so that their letters remain confidential. While it is their choice whether or not to waive access to letters, they are informed that professional schools will view letters seriously only if the letters are confidential. Feel free to contact Deatrice Cleaton (Biology) at dcleaton@richmond.edu if you wish to confirm that an applicant has waived his/her rights to see your letter.

- Keep your letter objective and provide concrete examples to support your statements. Avoid making speculations that are not based on factual information or your direct observations.

What to Include

- The Association of American Medical Colleges (AAMC) has defined a number of core competencies for entering medical students. (Note: These are also relevant for dental students.) Please refer to their letter of recommendation guidelines on the following pages.

Submitting your Letter

Recommendation letters should be on letterhead, contain a physical signature, addressed to the attention of the Health Professions Advisory Committee and emailed by the author to dcleaton@richmond.edu Alternatively, hard copies of letters may be mailed to:

Ms. Deatrice Cleaton
Science Center – Biology Department
28 Westhampton Way
Richmond, VA 23173
Guidelines for Writing a Letter of Evaluation for a Medical School Applicant

1. Provide an accurate assessment of the applicant’s suitability for medical school rather than advocate for the applicant.

2. Briefly explain your relationship with the applicant:
   - How long you have known the applicant;
   - In what capacity you have interacted (e.g., faculty, pre-medical advisor, supervisor, etc.); and
   - Whether you are writing based on direct or indirect observations.

3. Quality is more important than letter length. Focus on the applicant rather than details about the lab, course, assignment, job or institution.

4. Only include information on grades, GPA or MCAT scores if you are providing context to help interpret them. Grades, GPA, and MCAT scores are available within the application.

5. Focus on behaviors that you have observed directly when describing applicants’ suitability for medical school. Consider describing:
   - The situation or context of the behavior
   - The actual behavior(s) you observed
   - Any consequences of that behavior

6. Admissions committees find comparison information helpful. If you make comparisons, be sure to provide context. Include information about:
   - The comparison group (e.g., students in a class you taught, students in your department, co-workers, etc.)
   - Your rationale for the final comparison

Key Areas of Interest

A.) Unique Contributions to the Incoming Class

- Describe obstacles that the applicant had to overcome, and if applicable, how those obstacles led to new learning and growth

- Explain how the applicant may contribute to a medical school’s diversity, broadly defined (e.g., background, attributes, experiences, etc.)

B.) Core, Entry-level Competencies

- Describe how the applicant has, or has not, demonstrated any of the core competencies that are necessary for success in medical school (see next page).

Note: If you write about any information that could be considered potentially sensitive, confirm with the applicant that s/he is comfortable with the inclusion of that information.

For more information on how to use the guidelines – and how the guidelines were created – please visit our website: https://www.aamc.org/initiatives/admissionsinitiative/letters/
Core Competencies for Entering Medical Students

**Thinking & Reasoning Competencies**

**Critical Thinking:** Uses logic and reasoning to identify the strengths and weaknesses of alternative solutions, conclusions, or approaches to problems.

**Quantitative Reasoning:** Applies quantitative reasoning and appropriate mathematics to describe or explain phenomena in the natural world.

**Scientific Inquiry:** Applies knowledge of the scientific process to integrate and synthesize information, solve problems and formulate research questions and hypotheses; is facile in the language of the sciences and uses it to participate in the discourse of science and explain how scientific knowledge is discovered and validated.

**Written Communication:** Effectively conveying information to others using written words and sentences.

**Intrapersonal Competencies**

**Ethical Responsibility to Self and Others:** Behaves in an honest and ethical manner; cultivates personal and academic integrity; adheres to ethical principles and follows rules and procedures; resists peer pressure to engage in unethical behavior and encourages others to behave in honest and ethical ways; develops and demonstrates ethical and moral reasoning.

**Reliability and Dependability:** Consistently fulfills obligations in a timely and satisfactory manner; takes responsibility for personal actions and performance.

**Resilience and Adaptability:** Demonstrates tolerance of stressful or changing environments or situations and adapts effectively to them; is persistent, even under difficult situations; recovers from setbacks.

**Capacity for Improvement:** Sets goals for continuous improvement and for learning new concepts and skills; engages in reflective practice for improvement; solicits and responds appropriately to feedback.

**Science Competencies**

**Living Systems:** Applies knowledge and skill in the natural sciences to solve problems related to molecular and macro systems including biomolecules, molecules, cells, and organs.

**Human Behavior:** Applies knowledge of the self, others, and social systems to solve problems related to the psychological, socio-cultural, and biological factors that influence health and well-being.

**Interpersonal Competencies**

**Service Orientation:** Demonstrates a desire to help others and sensitivity to others’ needs and feelings; demonstrates a desire to alleviate others’ distress; recognizes and acts on his/her responsibilities to society, locally, nationally, and globally.

**Social Skills:** Demonstrates awareness of others’ needs, goals, feelings, and the ways social and behavioral cues affect peoples’ interactions and behaviors; adjusts behaviors appropriately in response to these cues; and treats others with respect.

**Cultural Competence:** Demonstrates knowledge of social and cultural factors that affect interactions and behaviors; shows an appreciation and respect for multiple dimensions of diversity; recognizes and acts on the obligation to inform one’s own judgment; engages diverse and competing perspectives as a resource for learning, citizenship, and work; recognizes and appropriately addresses bias in themselves and others; interacts effectively with people from diverse backgrounds.

**Teamwork:** Works collaboratively with others to achieve shared goals; shares information & knowledge with others and provides feedback; puts team goals ahead of individual goals.

**Oral Communication:** Effectively conveys information to others using spoken words and sentences; listens effectively; recognizes potential communication barriers and adjusts approach or clarifies information as needed.